LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Czar Alexander Destroys a Programme of Reforms.

CAMPOS' PARTISANS.

Gordon Comes Unharmed from the Abyssinian Lion's Den.

GAMBETTA IS WILLING.

Russia Pipes and Alexander of Bulgaria Dances.

TURKEY STARTS A NEWSPAPER.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LONDON, Dec. 11, 1879.

The Turkish government has decided to establish an official journal. The Times' Paris despatch announces that

Dominique Denuelle, the decorative painter, is The report that M. Le Royer has tendered his resignation as Minister of Justice is semi-

officially contradicted. The Standard's Berlin despatch says the famine among the Polish miners in Upper Silesia is beginning to produce typhus fever. The Federal Assembly of Switzerland has elected Dr. E. Welti, of the Canton of Aargau, President of the Confederation for the year

The Boersen Zeitung, of Berlin, says that the directors of the Imperial Bank of Germany repudiate the report that the government intends ing the sales of silver.

The Times' Constantinople correspondent an nounces that affairs in Eastern Roumelia are improving. The animosity between Mussulmans and Christians is rapidly disappearing.

SPANISH GENERALS RESIGN. The Correspondencia, of Madrid, states that fifteen generals of the army, including several belonging to the artillery and the corps of engineers, have resigned their, commands. It is believed that their resignations have been ac-

The Standard's despatch from Paris says:-"If the members of the Republican Union vote with the extreme Left on the interpellation, on the application for a partial amnesty law, the government will be signally defeated and the Ministry will immediate resign. M. Gambetta is prepared to take office, but only upon certain conditions, the most important of these being that there shall be a dissolution of the Chambers next autumn, which President Grévy will probably accede to."

EUGENIE AT CHISELHURST. The ex-Empress Eugénie arrived on Tuesday night in a landau at the station of the Chemin de Fer du Nord, where she took the train for England, with her travelling companions, the Comte de Cosse Brissac, Mlle. Lherminat and the Marquis de Bassano. Her incognito was strictly observed. She reached Chiselhurst yesterday morning.

TEKKE-TURCOMAN TURMOILS. A despatch from Teheran to the Daily News reports that the Tekkes have seized a number of camels which were being taken to Dusoloun sacked the village of Yourst, and carried off the inhabitants and their camels. It is rumored that they are marching to encamp at Bouyun-

THE GERMAN RAILWAY BILL. The lower House of the Landtag has adopted, by a vote of 226 to 155, the clauses of the bill empowering the government to purchase the Berlin and Stettin, Magdeburg and Halberstadt, Hanover and Altenbechen and Cologne and Minden railways. The dissentients were the clericals, progressionists, Poles and some national liberals. The government has promused to introduce at the present or next session of the Landtag bills providing for the guarantees stipulated by the Railroad Committee.

FLOODS IN HUNGARY. A despatch from Pesth to the Daily News says :- "The destruction of dams on nearly all the principal rivers in Hungary and Transylvania, and terrible inundations are again filling the public mind with auxiety. But for the intense cold, ranging from 15 degrees to 20 degrees, Réaumur, Grosswardein and several villages around that city would have shared the fate of Szegedin. Temesvar, Arad and several towns in Transylvania were partly inundated on Monday, and, as in Grosswardein, a great number of houses fell in. So suddenly came the flood that hardly any preventative measures had been taken, and great damage to property is reported, but no loss of life. The continuance of frost can alone prevent most serious disasters." The *Times'* Vienna corre-spondent sends better news from Arad and Grosswardein. A hard frost having set in again the waters are beginning to fall.

ALEXANDER OF BULGARIA.

BEVIVING THE BUMORS OF AN ABDICATION WHICH MAY MAKE ANOTHER CHANGE IN THE MAP OF EUROPE-THE PUPPET OF

IBY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

London, Dec. 10, 1879.

The Eastern Budget, the organ of the Austrian Embassy here, says :- "We hear from Sofia that Prince Alexander of Bulgaria is daily growing more unpopular, and that serious apprehensions r the safety of his throne. It is becom ing evident that the constitution is not workable. The country is threatened with anarchy." A despatch to the Times from Vienna says:-"The Bulgarian Assembly was dissolved because the leaders of the majority refused to allow Prince Alexander to have any voice in the nomination of a new Cabinet, and also refused to modify the address, replying to the speech from the throne, wherein the late Ministry, and, by implication, the Prince himself, were accused of unconstitutional proceedings. The Cabinet . appointed to carry on the government until the new Assembly shall meet, with Bishop Clement, of Tirnova. as Premier and Minister of Public Instruction, is such as will demonstrate the Prince's anxiety to avoid an appearance of his siding with either party." A despatch to the Times from Bucharest says :- "The majoritylin the Assembly represented the anti-Russian sentiment, and no effort will be spared to prevent their accession to power. There is little doubt that Prince Alexander is merely executing orders from St. Petersburg."

PUMMELLING THE HERALD.

IRISH-AMERICAN NATIONALISTS DEFEND THE SACRED CAUSE OF AGITATION-A BOUT WITH THE LONDON TIMES-EATING THE LEEK,

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

DUBLIN, Dec. 10, 1879. At a meeting of the Land League held here to-day the following cablegram was received from New York by Mr. Davitt:-"Irishmen of all classes are indignant at the HERALD's attack in articles which were cabled from Dublin and London. The HERALD ate the leek next day. It is coloring its cable despatches to discredit the land movement. The statement of the London Times' correspondent is utterly false. The leading American journals indorse the land agitation. The nationalists have sent an invitation to Mr. P. J. Smyth. M. P." The latter has written to New York expressing his thanks for the honor done him and regretting that he is at present unable to comply with the request. Messrs. Parnell, Finigan and John Dillon expect to sail for America on the 20th inst. Mr. Parnell will address a meeting at Ballina on Sunday next.

NIHILISM BEARS FRUIT.

BELIEF THAT ANOTHER PLOT IS BEING LAID AGAINST THE CZAR-VIOLENCE OF THE BEVO-LUTIONARY COMMITTEE-WALUJEFF DIS-MISSED-PUBLIC SALE OF THE "WILL OF THE PEOPLE."

(BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.)

LONDON, Dec. 11, 1879. The Standard's Vienna correspondent reports that great excitement prevails at St. Petersburg. The gendarme and police forces have largely increased. They incessantly patrol the streets of the city and are especially numerous and vigilant near the Winter Palace. These circumstances indicate that fresh attempts upon the life of the Czar are anticipated. The News' Berlin despatch says:-"A St. Petersburg letter states that on the same day the Czar arrived at St. 1 etersburg the Revolutionary Committee issued a most violent proclamation, which is being distributed daily, and in which they avow that the late attempt on the Czar's life was made by their order, and, though the attempt failed, they are not disheartened, but are ready to try again. M. Walujeff, who was formerly a favorite with the Czar and the author of various reform plans, has now fallen into complete disgrace, the Czar having flung his constitutional projects into the fire when M. Walujeff submitted them, and dismissed M. Walujeff himself. GORTSCHAKOFF REGAINS POWER

Prince Gortschakoff and M. Giers have re vained all their former influence. M. Markoff. Home Secretary, will probably be dismissed and General Ignatieff designated as chief of the Asiatic Department of the Russian State Chancellery. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the National Zeitung says he thinks that the Russian Imperial Council, which was to have been held yesterday under the presidency of the Emperor, was summoned not so much to consider the question of peace or war as how best to retire from the present diplomatic attitude of aggression. A new war would produce an explosion calculated to shatter the whole organism of the State. The last war proved that foreign enterprises do not remove the peril involved in the passive opposition of society to the present system of government-a peril greater than the desperate conspiracies of the nihilists. Intelligence from St. Petersburg says:-"Another number of the new revolutionary journal, entitled The Will of the People, has been distributed in St. Petersburg and other parts of Russia. This number was printed subsequent to the recent court the nihilist Mirsky. The Norre Vremua of St. Petersburg states that the Governor of that city has ordered every householder to display a red lamp before his door nightly bearing the

PROGRAMME OF THE CZAR'S REFORMS-HAS HI DISCARDED IT ?-WILL ALEXANDER ABDI-CATE?

lowing forecast of Russia's prospects of reform:—
"At present nobody can say what the outcome of the forthcoming Council will be. One ver-sion of the question to be debated is whether the present system of absolutism shall be continued or whether reforms shall be introduced, but the ques-tion is framed thus only to soothe the outer world. peace or war, and it is expected she will decide for the former, as his recent tour has convinced the peace or war, and it is expected sale win decide for the former, as his recent tour has convinced the Czarewitch of the necessity of observing the Berlin Treaty, and the Prince has hitherto been the Chancellor's trustiest friend. Should the Prince's conviction be overborne Prince Gortschakoff and his disciples who are now in office will, it is affirmed by these prophets, be dismissed, the Czar will abdicate if he does not accept the necessity of giving up absolutism, and the Czarewitch then as Czar will introduce reforms, of which the following is an outline:—Universal suffrage. A Legislature to be created, consisting of two houses, the lower house elected by the peasants and the upper house composed of nobles nominated by the Emperor; Asiatic Russia—that is, the Caucasus, Siberia and Central Asia—not to participate in the representative system, but to form a Vicercyalty under the rule of the Grand Duke Michael, now the Governor of the Caucasus; the press to have a more independent position, aithough its entire freedom will not be granted; the independence of the judges, who are not to be removable by the government; Provincial Diets to be charged with the duty of administering the affairs of the provinces; the complete development of a recruiting system; the military colonies of the Don, the Ural, the Azof, the Caspian and the Czernomorian Cossacks to be abolished as such; the system of taxation to be reorganized, the iary colonies of the Don, the Ural, the Azof, the Cas-pian and the Czernomorian Cossacks to be abolished as such; the system of taxation to be reorganized, the poil tax repealed and the universal obligation to pay taxes to be realized; a book of the State debt to be opened and a department for the control of the debt to be created; ministers to be responsible to Parlia-ment; the porsonality of the Czar to be considered holy, inviolable and irresponsible; Lord Lieutenants to be responsible to the Provincial Diets; the auton-omy of the Communes to be confirmed; the ill famed 'Third Division' to be abolished; the number of court officials to be reduced, and the existing thir-teen classes of the Civit Service to come to an end."

THE NEGUS OF ABYSSINIA.

EXPEDITION OF COLONEL GORDON INTO THE LAND OF THE GIRAFFE-VIEW OF A BAR-BARIC PRINCE HOLDING COURT BENEATH AN UMBRELLA, WITH A LION AT HIS PEET.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] CAIRO, Dec. 10, 1879.
The Governor of Massowah received a letter this morning from Gordon Pacha, Governor General of South Egypt, announcing that he would probably arrive in Massowah to-day, and a later despatch chron icles his safe arrival. The News' Alexandria despatch reports that the Egyptian government has ordered 860 troops to embark at Suez on Saturday for Massowah. [The history of the first and direct relations between England and Abyssini closed three weeks ago in the strange speciacle of the burial of the heir of the Queen of Shebs and Queen Candace in the cloisters of St. George' hapel. Their second and indirect relations began three months ago when Colonel Gordon set off from Cairo to arrange matters between Egypt and Abys sinia. He went with a mere handful of men. But. though strong in his great African name and his personal influence with King John, the Colonel

evidently thought the task not an easy one. Before

leaving Egypt he telegraphed to Aden for a man-ofwar to be sent for the protection of the Europeans at Massowah. The English authorities at Aden did not think there was any imminent risk to residents on the opposite coast and refrained from a step that might have been wrongly interpreted in Europe. On arrival at Massowah Colonel Gor-don telegraphed to Cairo that in case he did have to fight he would require £300,000 to carry on the war. He then set out for Debra Tabor, a natural stronghold in the highlands of Amhara, where King John was living in barbaric state. The monarch Colonel lordon had gone to conciliate-the Christian King o Ethiopia, and Negus of Abyssinia—held his court in the midst of his chiefs, with an army collected about him. Squatting on Persian carpets, with lion skins and silken cushions strewn about, wrapped in a mantle of golden brocade, crowned with a triple coronet, his tame lion at his feet, he would receive his guests in a tent or under the shadow of a vast silk umbrella. No women were admitted into Known formerly as the Ras or Lord of the Province of Tigré, he had rendered assistance to Lord Napier of Magdala, and after the departure of the English had annexed the provinces of Amhara and odjan, and dubbed himself King John of Abyssinia But his conquests had no permanent character. The country was in a state of anarchy, the roads unsafe. commerce impossible, and Egypt was pursuing her recent policy of annexation. She touched Abyssinia on the west at Metemma, Gallabat, and in the Suangaliah country. She seized the Bogos to the north. On the south she occupied the Hacar. Abyssinia, penned in on all sides, began to fear for her future. Frontier disputes finally led to the Egyptian invasion in January, 1876, when a small force of Egyptians was annihilated and a large force very severely defeated. The Abys-sinians, in their turn, when they proceeded to attack the Egyptians in their intrenchments, were repulsed with great loss, and this reverse had the usual result of dissipating the Abyssinian army and stirring up dissension against King John. Consequently the Egyptian were left alone, and the King had to fight his own subjects. It was at this time (in 1877), while still at the head of a large army, that the King professed only to desire, as regarded Egypt, that Europe should arbitrate and settle all the disputes. Then followed a truce, and King John set himself to pacify his own people. Having partially succeeded, he demanded a scaport from Egypt. The Khedive refused his demand, and Gordon was sent to negotiate. For a envoy to approach such a potentate was like putting his head into a lion's mouth. But, Colonel Gordon was a trained lion tamer. He had been all his life breaking in human wild beasts, whether in China or the Soudan. Rumors came from day to day that he had mysteriously disppeared. But England knew the dauntless energy of the man. It felt sure that the Abyssinian despot like the rest, would scknowledge his strange force of character. Its confidence is now justified and the Colonel returns in safety to Massowah.]

. CUBA.

INSINCERITY OF THE CUBAN SLAVE-OWNERS PREPARING FOR LONG DELAYS-REASON AND PASSION.

HAVANA, Dec. 6, 1879. The question of the abolition of slavery in this island, as it approaches solution in the Cortes at Madrid, is the absorbing topic of discussion by all parties. The insincerity of the slave owners in their professions of desiring reforms is shown in the tone of their newspaper organs on the subject of abolition. The irreconcilables among the planters held a meeting on the 3d inst. to protest the Abolition bill before the Cortes, but the meeting failed to accomplish anything, and it was left for the organs of the conservative element— the Voz de Cuba and the Deario de la Marina—to give of those papers sent to Madrid by the mails which left Havana on the date of the meeting. The papers named are of the opinion that several weeks clanse before the abolition project can be fully discussed in the Cortes. The Diario de la Marina concludes an editorial article with the declaration that the discussion of the bill will naturally be perplexed and prolonged, and, should it pass the Cortes, weeks must intervene before it can become a law by the sanction of the King. This delay, the Diario professes to believe, will afford time for showing defects in the measure which may prove fatal to its success. The Vox de Cuba unreservedly condemns the bill. That paper says:—The worst symptom which we note in Spain and in this country, upon trying to realize a reform of such vital interest, is that cold reason seems to have been left outside, and that passion has invaled and is reigning everywhere. No nation ever was in a better position than we are to resolve this grave question satisfactorily. We have the experience to guide us of other nations who have gone before us in the same reform, and to resolve this grave question satisfactorily. We have the experience to guide us of other nations who have gone before us in the same reform, and thus we ought to make our way in a better manner, especially when we are not pushed by inevitable occurrences, as was, for example, the case with the United States. In the same article the Fox de Cuba argues that slavery was abolished in the United States only as a consequence, and by no means as an object of the war; and a paragraph of a letter from Mr. Lincoln to Horace Greeley is quoted in which the President said:—"My object is to save the Union, and by no means to save or to destroy the institution of alavery. If I can save the Union without giving liberty to a single slave I shall do so." The article seeks to show that foreign nations would not interfore with any method Spain might adopt for the abolition of slavery, and the example is cited or the policy of Brazil in fixing thirty years as the period for gradual emancipation, to which no foreign Power, made objection.

CANADA INDIANS. ..

OTTAWA, Dec. 10, 1879. The Department of the Interior received inform tion from Colonel McLood to-day to the effect that the Indians in the Northwest are quiet. The American Sioux are reported as having plenty of buffalo in the direction of Sweet Grass Hill, a favorite apot for winter feeding.

"GOPHER BILL."

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10, 1879.

day last of the arrest of "Gopher Bill," and his identification as one of the principals in the masked burglary at the Bailey mansion at Taggart Corners, Chester county, on the night of November 5, has created much dissension among the private detective bureaus of this city. The Central Office men have abandoned the job entirely, and other disap pointed detectives are only too glad to cover their

pointed detectives are only too glad to cover their negligence in not arresting the confederates of "Gopher Bill" by the assertion that the Herald has defeated the ends of justice by a too early publication of the fact of the arrest.

The fact was that until this afternoon very little was known on which to base a second arrest. Detective Spitali visited West Chester to-day, and had a long interview at the jail with William Hamilton, otherwise "Gopher Bill." He went armed with all sorts of threats and promises, but had only indifferent success. The prisoner admitted that he was caught and declared that he was an old man and was quite willing to tell all that was wanted if he could be assured of a light sentence, but he had no faith in Chief of Police Lynch, and doubted Spitall's power to secure the mitigation of sentence desired. In his pocket, when arrested, was found the card of a "crocked." Wilmington saloon keeper, called Carroil, and investigation proved that Bill had been there the morning after the robbery. All the additional evidence has been obtained by browbeating the prisoner. Detective Spitali left West Chester on the histograph of Policy at he was the second of the control of the prisoner. additional evidence has been obtained by browbeat ing the prisoner. Detective Spitali left West Chester on the half-past two train for Philadelphis, and his partner states to-night that before the week is ended all the burglars will be in custody.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

BALTIMORK, Dec. 10, 1879. The corpse of Lewis Burman, a pump maker, forty years of age, living at Franklinton, Baltimore county, was found this morning at Baltimore county, was found this morning at McCormick's limekiln by an employe. The dead man had a deep and jagged cut over the right eye, from which the brain protruded. The body was still warm. He was found lying on his face at the foot of the kiln. It is thought he was intoxicated and fell from the top of the kiln, but the inquest was adjourned until tomorrow in order to determine whether the man had not been murdered.

SENTENCED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD !

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 10, 1879. Lewis S. Miller, the fourteen-year-old murderer of his companion, Charles O. Norris, was to-day sentenced at Hagerstown, Md., to three years in the Penitentiary. He had been convicted of manREPUBLICAN POLITICS.

EX-COLLECTOR ARTHUR AND EX-CONGRESSMAN PLATT STRUGGLING FOR A PLACE ON THE NA-TIONAL COMMITTEE-A BREEZE IN THE STAL-WART CAMP-WHO WILL BE CHAIRMAN?

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1879. The resignation of Governor-elect Cornell as a member of the Republican National Committee has very curiously developed something like a split in the stalwart wing of the republican party in this State. Mr. Cornell's retirement, it is generally understood, was intended to pave the way for the appointment of ex-Congressman Platt, whom, it is understood, Senator Conkling hopes to make chairman of the committee in place of the late Senator Chandler, Ex-Collector Arthur, however, has, it seems, ambitions in this direction, and he is by no means inclined to quietly get out of Mr. Platt's way. He is earnestly working for the appointment, and a large number of State and city republican politicians are pressing him for the position. Owing to the fact that the National Committee meets at so early a date in Washington there has been no opportunity to call the State Committee together to consider the questions. The members, however, have been requested the National Committee expressing their views on the subject, and the result is that they are about equally divided between Arthur and Platt. This division in the party here will, it is believed, make the selection of a New York man as chairman of the committee an utter impossibility.

GOV. CORNELL'S APPOINTMENTS.

ALBANY, Dec. 10, 1879. It is now settled that General Frederick Townsend will be the new Adjutant General. He is at present commander of the Ninth brigade National Guard, and was a distinguished soldier during S. McEwan, a coal dealer of this city, who was for a long time a regular army officer, serving under Miles in the Indian country a few years ago, and at present lieutenant colonel of the Tenth regiment and commandant of the artillery school of instruction at Fort Hamilton.

Among other important appointments it is under tood that Judge A. A. Yates, of Schenectady, who stood that Judge A. A. Yates, of Schenectady, who has been elected County Judge there three times, although the county is democratic by 800 majority, will be one of the canal appraisers.

RHODE ISLAND POLITICS. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HEBALD.]

NEWPORT, Dec. 10, 1879. Governor Van Zandt's friends having seen that he, Van Zandt, could not be elected to the United States Senate in opposition to General Burnside, the prestheir minds to bring him forward as a candidate for

re-election as Governor for a fourth term. This re-election as Governor for a fourth term. This decision has been strived at within twenty-four hours. It is probable, notwithstanding the previous decision of the Governor not to be a candidate, that he will be available in case there is a disposition to retire the General to private life. The indications are that Burnside will not secure his re-election without encountering a determined opposition. If there is a possibility of defeat it is understood that he and his friends will received by retire in favor of Governor Van Zarde. gracefully retire in favor of Governor Van Zandt. By this amicable arrangement there will be no scri-ous dissensions in the republican camp, muchito the disgust of the democrats and dissatisfied republicans.

VIRGINIA'S POLITICAL SPOILS.

THREE MORE STATE OFFICES FILLED BY THE READJUSTERS.

RICHMOND, Dec. 10, 4879.

In the General Assembly to-day three additional State officers were elected—namely, Corbin M. Reynolds, of Botetourt county, for Treasurer, vice R. M. T. Hunter, the present incumbent; R. F. Walker, Richmond city, for Superintendent of of Richmond city, for Superintendent of Public Printing, vice K. E. Frayser, and Samuel C. Williams, Jr., of Rockingham county, for Superintendent of the Penitentiary, vice Daniel A. Swann. Over three hours were consumed in the election of the Superintendent of Public Printing, the nominating speeches in the Senate bringing on a partisan debate of a strong and bitter nature, which, of course, delayed the work of both houses. Three more offices remain to be filled to-morrow, and then the readjusters will have full control of the State government.

INDIGNATION IN PETERSBURG.

PRIEBSBURG, Dec. 10, 1879.

The action of the Virginia Legislature in removing from office disabled and crippled ex-Confederate soldiers to make positions for one white and two colored republicans at the State capital has occasioned considerable criticism by the press and people of this city. So great is the ill feeling, akin to indignation, that cards were displayed to-day in conspicuous places throughout the city, one of which reads:—

Behold a poor, crippled Confederate soldier, family after being turned out of a little of only means of support.

Several other cards of similar import are post on telegraph poles and in other conspicuous place UNION LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10, 1879.

The National Council of the Union League of merica held its annual session to-day at the nental Hotel, ex-Governor William A. Newell, of New Jersey, in the chair. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Presidents—William A. Newell, of New Jersey. Vice Presidents—Charles W. Godard, of New York: Marshall Jewell, of Connecticut; J. G. McQuaid, of Pennsylvania; Thomas R. Rich, of Maryland; Daniel Ullman, of New York; George H. Harlow, of Illinois; William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire; H. J. B. Cummings, of Iows; George C. Gorham, of California; C. H. Grosvenor, of Ohio. Corresponding Secretary—Thomas G. Baker, of New York. Recording Secretary—Samuel F. Gwinner, of Pennsylvania. Treasurer—William V. Alexander, of New York. Chaplain—Rev. Henry Highland Garnet, of New York. Marshal—J. W. Bartlett, of Massachusetts. Sergeant-al-Arms—J. W. H. Hocks, of Pennsylvania. Addresses were made by distinguished men from various parts of the country. elected for the ensuing year:-President-William

MR. HENDRICKS DEFINES HIS PO-SITION.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, wri-

ting from Indianapolis December 6, says:—
Governor Hendricks returned from Washington last night, and was engaged in the United States courts all day. I saw him this evening for a few minutes, during which I submitted the following

"Governor, the Enquirer and other papers have proposed a ticket of Mr. Seymour and yourself. They all admit your right to the Fresidential nomination, but think you should sacrifice your claims for the party and accept the second place on the

for the party and accept the second place on the ticket."

"I do not want the Vice Presidency," he answered; "and have said it could not be required of me to accept a nomination for it. Any taik of myself for that place is wasted. The question of my making any supposed sacrifice for my party has two sides. I was willing to yield to the wishes of the party in 1876 and was elected. The republican managers said their candidate was elected and they meant to inaugurate him. The democratic managers submitted the rights and decision of the majority to a trial by politicians, giving the other side a majority of the jury. These are the facts, and the people know them. I think any good man can be elected by the democrate, and the party sh-Il have all the aid and influence I can give to its nominees. I do not regard myself a necessity to party success."

THE OHIO SENATORSHIP.

A despatch from Columbus, Ohio, to the Cincin-

A despatch from Columbus, Onio, to the Cincinnati Commercial says:—

A gentleman well known in political life has just returned from a week's travel through the various counties in the State which are known to be in favor of some other candidate for the Senatorship than General Garfield. This gentleman reports that he finds a strong disposition on the part of many of the Senators and members elect to the Legislature to question the claims of the friends of the General, who now give out that they aiready lack but four votes of enough to nominate that gentleman on the first ballot. From what could be learned it was apparent that a strong feeling of antagonism was being formed against General Garfield, especially in the large manufacturing districts, on secount of the free trade proclivities of that gentleman, which often come to the surface. Another element oppose him on the ground that he was too willing an instrument in the hands of the administration, and only took strong republican grounds when it became necessary for him to do so in order to keep in tull accord with his party, and even during the extra session of Congress he was too much inclined to compromise the principles of the party he represented at the demand of the democratic majority. So far as the still campaign now being made by Archbishop Sands in the interest of Stanley Matthews, it is hardly formidable enough to merit consideration. This

gentleman is of the opinion that General Garfield will lead all other candidates on the first ballot. He regards Governor Dennison as second and Judge Taft as third choice. From what could be He regards Governor Deemison as second and Judge Taft as third choice. From what could be learned, this gentiennan gives it as his opinion that after the first ballot the friends of Taft, Matthows and others will turn to Demison, he being a former Cincinnati citizen. Should this be the case the contest might be prolonged at considerable length. It was believed in many sections that if General Garfield failed on the first and second ballot his chances would be considered very slight indeed. It is apparent that should there be any influence from the administration detected in the Senatorial contest this year it would prove disastrous to the candidate, whoever it might seek to aid. There is already a feeling adverse to any interference by the Washington wing of the party, and it would be prudent for them to stand back. There must be no Toledo Post Office influence nor Cleveland Collectorship to influence the choice this year, and it would be quite as well for Webb Hayes, the President's son, to stay in Washington and observe the civil service rules. It is known that Secretary Sherman will not interfere, nor will he favor any candidate; in fact, he is pledged over his own signature not to become a candidate, and in a private letter to a friend makes use of this expression, "I shall not be a candidate under any circ unstances, and certainly not against you." Viewing the contest which will soon take place from information gained here, it is apparent that General Garfield's success greatly depends on his ability to go in on the first ballot, and should he fail on the second the chances of either Domison or Tast will be equal if not better than his.

IRVING HALL EXECUTIVE COMMIT-

IRVING HALL EXECUTIVE COMMIT-

The Executive Committee of the Irving Hall county organization met last evening and agreed to appoint a sub-executive committee for 1880. The members of the sub-committee will be John Fox, Jeremiah Murphy, Daniel O'Reilly, John J. Delancy, Michael Norton, James Bryan, George H. Purser, Bernard Kenney, John R. Voorhis, William P. Mit-chell, P. G. Maloney, Maurice Sullivan, J. Graham Hyatt, James Daly, Robert Fower, Maurice J. Power, Henry Murray, Hubert O. Thompson, Bennett W. Elison, William A. Butler, Emmanuel B. Hart, Harry C. Hart, Hugh H. Moore and James J. Mooney. In all there are twenty-four members, one representa-tive for each Assembly district being selected.

A TERRIBLE WESTERN STORM

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] FARGA, D. T., Dec. 10, 1879.

The wildest "blizzard" or gale in the memory of the oldest inhabitant is sweeping this region from Bismarck to Duluth, and probably extends over an area four hundred miles square. It snowed lightly all or yesterday, but during last night the wind in-creased, and this morning dawned upon drifts four rempt to face the "blizzard" for any considerable length of time. Trains on the railroads are all delayed. The worst condition of things is on the Dakots division of the Northern Pacific. It is feared that there will be bad news from the settlers on the

ST. LOUIS. Dec. 10, 1879. A very severe wind storm passed over the town of Renick, Randolph county, Mo., yesterday evening. The residence of Byrd Pyte was torn to pieces every member of the family being more or less in every member of the family being more or less in-jured and Mr. Pyte fatally. The house of Joseph Patrick was blown down, and Mrs. Wright, a visitor, received injuries from which she died last night. The dwelling house of Noah Burkherd was de-moished and Mrs. Burkherd seriously wounded. Several other houses were considerably damaged and sences, trees, &c., destroyed.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, Dec. 11-1 A. M. Indications For the South Atlantic States, falling barometer, in

WAR DEPARTMENT,

creasing southerly winds and warmer, rainy weather, followed by rising barometer, northerly winds and colder, clearing weather. For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri

valleys, rising and high barometer, cold northerly winds and clear or partly cloudy weather, possibly followed by slowly rising temperature. For the lake region, rapidly rising barometer, northwesterly winds and colder, partly cloudy weather, preceded over lower lakes by occasional rains or snow, and accompanied over upper laker by occasional light snows.

For the Middle States and New England, falling barometer, increasing southerly winds, warm, rainy weather, followed by rapidly rising barometer, brisk to high northwesterly winds and decidedly colder, clearing weather. For the Pacific coast region, clear or partly cloudy

weather, with light rains and snow in the North Pacific coast region.

For the canal regions of New York, Pennsylvania

and Western Maryland the temperature will fall below freezing Thursday night.

The Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Central Mississippi rivers will generally rise.

Marquette, Escanaba, Milwaukee, Section One, Chicago, Grand Haven, Section Three, Mackinaw, Alpena. Section Four, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo, San dusky, Cleveland, Section Five, Erie, Buffalo Rochester, Oswego, Section Six, Eastport, Portland, Newport, New London, New Haven, New York, Sandy Hook, Barnegat, Atlantic City, Cape May, Lewes, Baltimore, Norfolk, Cape Henry, Cape Hatteras and Kitty Hawk.

Cautionary off shore signals at Port Eads, Galver ton and Indianola.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY. The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, Herald Building, No. 218 Broadway: macy, Henalid Building, No. 218 Broadway.—

1878. 1879. 1878.

3 A. M. 53 40 3:30 P. M. 58

6 A. M. 55 45 9 P. M. 56

12 M. 58 51 12 M. 44

Average temperature yesterday.

Average temperature for corresponding date

The American Electrical Society met in Chicago

Miles Tuttle and his child two years old were purned to death in Gates, N. Y., yesterday. Mr. John W. Garrett was yesterday re-elected pre-dent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Compan-The twenty-fifth annual State Convention of School Commissioners and Superintendents is in cession at Auburn. Dutchess County Poor House is reported by a sub-committee of the State Board of Charities as dis-gracefully managed.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

gracefully managed.

Bishop McLean, of Chicago, yesterday consecrated the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul in that city. Bishop Doane, of Albany, preached.

An advance of ten per cent in wages having been accorded to the striking weavers by Messrs. McKeon & Raphael, of Easton, Pa., they have resumed work. Fleishman, Scholl & Co., hardware dealers, San Francisco, have failed, as alieged, from the defaication of their bookkeeper, Ernest Lorwenberg. Liabilities, \$35,000.

Thomas F. Callahan, indicted at Worcester, Mass, for the murder of Luke Daly, pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life. A coroner's jury at Cornish, N. H., find that Levi H. Stone died from the effects of a blow on the head by some person unknown. Mrs. Stone and the old-est son, Byron, have been arrested.

by some person unknown. Mrs. Stone and the oldest son, Byron, have been arrested.

At Philadelphia yesterday a coroner's jury found that Bernard Kiley, shot in a political fight, December 2, was killed by John Medianus, and that Thomas Ryan was an accessory. Medianus is at large.

Justice Westbrook has ordered that all policy holders and other claimants against the Company may intervene in actious against the company and become parties thereto.

D. S. Babcock, S. J. Babcock and G. M. Miller, of New York; N. F. Dixon, of Westerly; A. N. Beckwith and E. P. Tatt, of Providence, were yesterday chosen directors of the Providence, were yesterday chosen directors of the Providence, S. W. Razel, George F. Wilson, H. B. Metcalf, S. W. Razel, George F. Milson, A. B. Metcalf, S. W. Razel, George L. Lattlefield, Jonathan Chase, Jesse Boynton, A. B. Chace, R. Conant and J. F. Clark were elected directors of the Rhode Island and Massachusetts Hallroad yesterday.

Samuel D. Babcock, Henry Morgan, William F.

setts Haliroad yesterday.

Samuel D. Babecek, Henry Morgan, William F. Cary, Jr., J. B. Johnston, D. S. Babecek and George M. Miller, of New York: Henry Howard, of Coventry, R. I.; Charles H. Sainsbury, of Providence; Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly; J. A. Burnham, of Boston, and A. S. Mathens, of Stonington, were yesterday elected directors of the New York, Providence and Boston Railroad.

GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

The jury in the case of Hart More, ex-County Collector, who has been on trial in New Brunswick, N. J., charged with embezzlement of \$10,000 of the county's funds, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation of mercy. FRANCIS HAYDEN'S TRIAL.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 10, 1879. In the case of Francis E. Hayden, on trial for the alleged poisoning of his sister, the government counsel made the closing argument this morning and the jury went out at ten minutes past one o'clock this afternoon. At a quarter to five o'clock the jury returned for further instruction as to the extent to which a reasonable doubt could be carried on circumstantial evidence. The Court gave further instructions and the foreman of the jury said the instructions covered the point, after which the jury again retired.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Ex-Senator Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, is at the St. Nicholas. Professor C. V. Riley, of Washington, is at the Metropolitan. Acting Bank Superintendent William S. King, of Minnesota, are at the Westminster. Secretary of State W. W. Screws and State Treasurer I. H. Vincent, of Alabama, are at the Sturtevant. Lieutenant Colonel Vigors, of the British Army, is at the New York. Judge Israel S. Spencer, of Syracuse, and Assemblyman Charles M. Titus and William L. Bostwick, of Ithaca, are at the Fifth

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR-POSTAGE

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD-NOW READY.

The WEEKLY HERALD for this week contains telegraphic news from all parts of the world, including the Arraignment of Thomas Brennan at Castlebar; Parnell's Pikemen; Daly at Castlebar; Alexander's Peril; a Roman Festival; General Cable News; Washington Correspondence; Congressman Springer, of Illinois, on the Coming Contest; Ohio's Choice for President; Wendell Phillips on the Power of the Press; a Vast Railroad Scheme; Fernando Wood's Plan to Save the Treasury Two Hundred Millions; Gladstone on the Land Question; Ultimatums Exchanged: Execution of Andrew Tracy: the "Drop" changed; Execution of Andrew Tracy; the "Drop" in Maryland; a Blaze in a Hospital; Herofe Miss Howard: a Burglar's Suicide; the Mormons Want War; Burned to a Crisp; Again in the Toils; Jersey's Masked Burglars; General Grant; the Dairy Fair; Sermons by Henry Ward Beecher and Rev. Dr. McGlynn, and a select story, entitled "Mrs. Ashton." It also contains editorial articles; Personal Intelligence; Amusements; Religious, Scientific, Literary, Art and Sea Notes; Reviews of the Dry Goods, Horse, Cattle and Produce Markets; Financial and Commercial Reports; Agricultural and Sporting Matters; instructive articles for the ladies, and the most important events of the week. portant events of the week.

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NICE.—HOFEL DES ANGLAIS—THIS FIRST CLASS hotel, facing the sea and under English management respond for the season on Ist October. R. BAKER HAYS, Secretary, 53 Coleman st., Lendon, E. C. Washington to the season on 1st October, R. BAKER HAYS, Secretary, 53 Coloman st., Loudon, E. C.

Washington Motrel, Links St., Liverpool.—
Extracts from visitor's book. To whom it may concern :— Having been a guest at the Washington Hotel, in company with my wife, I have no bestrancy in saying for myself and wife that we are well pleased with its varied appointments, and with pleasure recommend it to my fellow Americans.— J. M. Lucas, United States Consul, Barslem, Staffordshire. "Solf and family very much pleased, Years, J. K. Emmat Ciritan." This magnificent rowert for American travelors was responsed on June 7 by Sir Wilfred Lawson, Rart, M. P., and Mr. A. M. Sullivan, M. P., Abont 120 gentlemen sat down to a splendid lunch-soon in the dising room, including the Hon. S. R. Pescard. American Consul. The Washington Hotel is immediately facing the St. George's Hall, and is opposite the London and Aorthwestorn Railway, and in close proximity to the other stations and pers. Visitor's sending letter or postal cord from America or Queenstown will be welcomed by the manager at Liverpool.

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